



Legac-E Education

## Using MODESET in COBOL

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Most application programs executing under z/OS do so in Problem State and hence have no privileges. The question was raised in LinkedIn as to how to enter Supervisor state in COBOL with:

```
MODESET KEY=ZERO,MODE=SUP
```

As **MODESET** is a macro this cannot be done in COBOL directly, but of course it is possible to CALL an Assembler routine which exploits the macro. Having made suggestions it was decided to code and test a routine to prove the premise. In fact two versions were produced one for Static Linkage and the other for Dynamic Linkage, the latter being made re-entrant so that it could be used in multiple address spaces concurrently if desire.

Note that programs using **MODESET** need to be authorized which means:

- They have to be Link-Edited with the **AC=1** parameter
- They have to reside in an Authorised Library
- Any concatenation of that library with a non-Authorised library revokes authorization.

Failure to comply with any of the above requirements will result in an S047 ABEND.

The Dynamically Linked routine was made re-entrant to allow it to be placed in the Link Pack Area (LPA) or Extended LPA (ELPA). This facilitates a single copy of the module being shared across multiple address spaces concurrently. If the module is not in LPA/ELPA a fresh copy will be loaded into the Job Pack Area (JPA) of each address spaces that invokes the module.

In order to prove that **MODESET** had been issued successfully the **MGCRE** macro was included to issue a z/OS Command. The code associate with **MGCRE** is highlighted in red and is not relevant to the original question.

The relevant code follows and includes the **MODESET** routine and its caller.



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### Statically Linked version

#### The MODESET routine

The original question implied that the routine should be **AMODE(31)** and **RMODE(24)**, but rather than change the COBOL defaults this module was compiled with both **AMODE** and **RMODE** set to 31. This is probably best in any event as it avoids potential storage constraint below the 16MB boundary.

```
MODESUB  CSECT
MODESUB  AMODE 31
MODESUB  RMODE 31
        SAVE  (14,12)          SAVE REGISTERS EXCEPT R13
        BASR  12,0             SET UP MY
        USING *,12             BASE REGISTER
        ST   13,MYSAVE+4       PERFORM SAVE
        LA   13,MYSAVE         R13 = MY SAVE AREA ADDR.
        L    3,0(1)           R3 = PARAM ADDRESS
        L    4,4(1)           R4 = COMMAND ADDRESS
        CLC  =C'PROB',0(3)     IS IS PROBLEM REQUEST
        BE   SETPROB           YEP - SET PROBLEM STATE
        MODESET KEY=ZERO       SET SUPERVISOR STATE
        MGCRE TEXT=(4),CONSID=THISCON,MF=(E,KCOM)
        B    EXIT              GO TO FINISH
SETPROB  MODESET KEY=NZERO     SET PROBLEM STATE
EXIT     L    13,MYSAVE+4      R13 = PREV SAVE ADDR
        RETURN (14,12),RC=0    RETURN TO CALLER
        LTORG
MYSAVE   DS   18F              MY SAVE AREA
THISCON DC   AL4(0)
KCOM    MGCRE MF=L
        END
```



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### The Caller

```
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
PROGRAM-ID.                MAINRTN.
AUTHOR.                    T.R.SAMBROOKS.
    INSTALLATION.
    DATE-WRITTEN.          30TH AUG 2018.
ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
DATA DIVISION.
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
77 THIS-MODE                PIC X(4) VALUE 'SUP '.
01 CMND-AREA.
    03 COMM-LEN             PIC 9(4) COMP VALUE 126.
    03 THE-COMMAND         PIC X(125) VALUE
        'D IPLINFO'.
    03                      PIC X VALUE SPACE.
PROCEDURE DIVISION.
    CALL 'MODESUB'          USING THIS-MODE CMND-AREA.
    MOVE 'PROB'             TO THIS-MODE.
    CALL 'MODESUB'          USING THIS-MODE CMND-AREA.
    GOBACK.
*-----*
* The physical end of the program - MAINRTN      *
*-----*
```



## Using MODESET in COBOL

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### Dynamically Linked Version

#### The MODESET Routine

```
                PRINT NOGEN
MODESUB        CSECT
MODESUB        AMODE 31
MODESUB        RMODE 31
                BAKR 14,0          SAVE REGISTERS EXCEPT R13
                BASR 12,0          SET UP MY
                USING *,12         BASE REGISTER
                B    PASSNAME
                DC   C'MODESUB '
PASSNAME       L    2,0(1)         R2 = PARAM ADDRESS
                L    4,4(1)         R4 = COMMAND ADDR
                LA   3,AREASIZE     R3 = WORK AREA SIZE
                STORAGE OBTAIN,LENGTH=(3),ADDR=(6),SP=127
                USING SAVEAREA,6
                ST   13,MYSAVE+4    PERFORM SAVE
                LR   13,6           R13 = MY SAVE AREA ADDR.
                MVC  KCOM(KCOMLEN),KCOMDEF
                CLC  =C'PROB',0(2)  IS IS PROBLEM REQUEST
                BE   SETPROB        YEP - SET PROBLEM STATE
                MODESET KEY=ZERO     SET SUPERVISOR STATE
                MGCRE TEXT=(4),CONSID=THISCON,MF=(E,KCOM)
                B    EXIT           GO TO FINISH
SETPROB        MODESET KEY=NZERO    SET PROBLEM STATE
EXIT           LA   3,AREASIZE     R3 = WORK AREA SIZE
                STORAGE RELEASE,LENGTH=(3),ADDR=(6),SP=127
                LA   15,0          SET COND CODE 0000
                PR                    RETURN TO CALLER
                LTORG

THISCON       DC    AL4(0)
KCOMDEF       MGCRE MF=L
KCOMDEFE      DS    0C
KCOMLEN       EQU  KCOMDEFE-KCOMDEF
```



## Using MODESET in COBOL

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```
*-----*
SAVEAREA DSECT
MYSAVE DS 0F MY SAVE AREA
        DS AL4(0) RESERVED
PRESAVE DS AL4(*-*) CALLER'S SAVE ADDR
NEXTSAVE DS AL4(*-*) OUR SAVE AREA ADDR
        DS 15AL4(*-*) GPRS 14 THRU 12
SAVEEND DS 0C END OF SAVE AREA
KCOM MGCRE MF=L
KCOME DS 0C END OF MGCRE AREA
AREASIZE EQU KCOME-SAVEAREA SIZE OF SAVE AREA.
*-----*
MODESET RSECT
        END
```

### The Caller

```
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
PROGRAM-ID. MAINRTN.
AUTHOR. T.R.SAMBROOKS.
        INSTALLATION.
        DATE-WRITTEN. 30TH AUG 2018.
ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
DATA DIVISION.
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
77 THIS-MODE PIC X(4) VALUE 'SUP '.
77 MODE-PGM PIC X(8) VALUE 'MODESUB '.
01 COMMAND-AREA.
    03 COMM-LEN PIC 9(4) COMP VALUE 0.
    03 THE-COMMAND PIC X(125) VALUE
        'D IPLINFO'.
    03 PIC X VALUE SPACE.
PROCEDURE DIVISION.
    MOVE LENGTH OF THE-COMMAND TO COMM-LEN.
    CALL MODE-PGM USING THIS-MODE
        COMMAND-AREA.
    MOVE 'PROB' TO THIS-MODE.
    CALL MODE-PGM USING THIS-MODE
        COMMAND-AREA.
GOBACK.
*-----*
* The physical end of the program - MAINRTN
*-----*
```